

The Free Press

TWELFTH YEAR.

EARLINGTON, HOPKINS COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1901.

NO. 89

COUNCILMEN HARVEY'S

Home Struck by Stray Bullet From Union Camp.

LADIES HAVE NARROW ESCAPE

Farmer Shot At—Citizens on Road See Bullets Kick Up Dust.

Hot bullets have been, during the past week, served up daily and nightly for the citizens of Madisonville who live in the vicinity of the union camp, or even at quite a distance from it, thanks to the long range guns there accumulated, and to the disregard for life and property that rules in that camp of outlaws.

A farmer who drove a white horse, resembling the one owned by Mr. I. Bailey, manager of the Reinecke mine, was fired at from a union gun as he was driving by that mine Saturday morning, and took quick refuge from the singing bullets. The same morning Henry Beard, a clerk, while riding his bicycle to the mine was shot at and heard the bullet sing over his head. The same morning two shots were fired at Messrs. I. Bailey and M. B. Ray as they drove up to their mine, and two policemen who were going toward the mine were also fired upon. One bullet passed through the engine house, passing within three inches of the engineer's head and battering its steel jacket against the brick wall beyond.

The terrible experience of Mr. Witherspoon's family is told in another column. Houses in Baileytown have been repeatedly riddled with bullets. The residence of Mr. Jno. B. Harvey, member of the city council was struck by a stray bullet. Two young ladies, daughters of Mr. Feger, mine foreman of the Reinecke mine, while driving between home and the mines got in line of fire and heard bullets fall around them, and they saw men with guns hidden in bushes near their home. A prominent Madisonville merchant is reported to have returned hurriedly from his cow pasture Monday morning after getting in line with falling bullets. Two gentlemen driving near the mine Tuesday saw the spat of a bullet in the dust near them.

Monday morning everybody who showed up in the neighborhood of the mine was shot at. Mr. Frank Ramsey, who was last week held up by union men with Winchester, is one of the deputies who answered the sheriff's call for help to defend the Reinecke property, and he with other citizens have faced this fire for days.

So many incidents like those related above have happened that they cannot be kept track of. It is time troops or some strong arm of the law were brought into action for the suppression of this lawlessness.

Obituary.

Mrs. Mariah Burdon was born in Shelby county, Kentucky, April 3, 1836. Died in Earlington September 10, 1901, aged 65 years 6 months and 7 days.

Mrs. Burdon was probably the oldest person in the city. She was converted at 16 years of age and has for many years been a member of the General Baptist church. She gave two sons to the ministry, Rev. Jas. A. Burdon, who died a few weeks before her and Rev. Jno. M. Burdon the present General Baptist pastor here. Her husband died in 1880. The writer attended her funeral and her remains rest in the Earlington cemetery.

E. B. TIMMONS.
The Rosar & Mason's carry their own scenery.

THE CAPTURE OF PEKIN.

New Spectacular Innovation Introduced in Buffalo Bill's Wild West.

It has not been long since Buffalo Bill and his Wild West aggregation were giving spectacular productions of the Battle of San Juan. It was an imposing sight and pronounced one of the most elaborate affairs that has been seen in the open air. This year, Messrs. Cody and Salsbury have, after much detail, succeeded in placing a successor to that famous San Juan scene which is acknowledged to be the most elaborate war diorama ever attempted.

It is called the Battle of Tientsin or the Capture of Peking. In this enormous production the allied powers of the United States, England, Germany, France and Russia are seen to assemble in grand review previous to the battle. Side by side, shoulder to shoulder, step by step, the allied armies advanced to the conflict at Tientsin, in the same friendly spirit of rivalry begotten by the mimic warfare of this character first inaugurated by Col. W. F. Cody (Buffalo Bill), under whose direction the entire entertainment is supervised.

Having in this remarkable manner anticipated history it seems fitting that the most stirring events of that unique campaign of the allied forces should now take its place as a leading feature of this year's educational exhibition. It is more than appropriate that this should be the grateful task of this organization, since it is the only one which includes in itself the personnel of the various armies of the allied forces, and is thus enabled to present accurately the uniformed and equipped soldier, veteran members of the various armies engaged in that campaign, in all "the glittering pomp and circumstance of an with banners."

This elegant production will be included in the performances given in Hopkinsville, Oct. 4.

The Professor of Labor Ethics.

Some new thing is always coming out of the University of Chicago or going into it. It has been reported lately that persons vaguely described as "labor men" are going to be found at Dr. Harper's University a chair of ethics and moral philosophy considered from the "labor" point of view. Mr. Walter Vrooman, who founded or helped to found a labor college at Oxford and another one at Trenton, Mo., and is responsible, if we are not mistaken, for the Success Club of Kansas City and some engaging college "yells," is said to be the originator of the project for the professorship. The funds are to come from the "labor men," but, perhaps, even people who can prove no right to that exclusive title would be glad to contribute. The ethics and moral philosophy of some of the "labor men" must be strange and interesting compared with other systems. Inferred from practice the labor moral philosophy may be somewhat like this:

First—The right to work belongs to union men only.

Second—Work that a union man gives up must not be taken by a non-union man, under penalty of a drubbing or of death.

Third—"Scabs" have no rights which a union man is bound to respect.

Fourth—Contracts are made to be broken. They bind the employer, not the employee.

Fifth—The employers must not be allowed to employ whom they please.

Sixth—Obey labor leaders always; other authorities when they don't conflict with the commands of the former.

Seventh—Strike because you are told to.

Eighth—The duty to the union is greater than the duty to the family.

Ninth—Never sympathize with your family or yourself. Save your sympathy for strikers. When they have quit work, quit work yourself by way of helping them.

Tenth—Never learn anything by experience.

We hope to see these and similar formulas expounded and illuminated by the professor of labor ethics and moral philosophy, if such a man there is to be. —New York Sun.

GOV. BRADLEY ON ANARCHY.

Better Class Should Rise in Majority and Demand Enforcement of Law.

In a speech on the subject of anarchy before a meeting of Louisville gentlemen recently ex-Governor W. O. Bradley said in part, as follows:

"There is no man in the land imbued with the spirit of humanity who did not regret the death of the President and whose heart did not go out in sympathy to his suffering widow and all those who had been special objects of his affection."

"I have noticed a disposition to place the entire responsibility upon foreigners whose teaching in their native lands was vicious and anarchistic. While it is true that such foreigners live amongst us, it is equally true that in assassination they are merely imitating our own people. The spirit of anarchy is largely abroad in our land. Such a spirit inspires the turpitude rader, the whitecaps, the disturbers of political gatherings, the corruptionists who stifle the voice of the people fairly expressed at the polls, the lyncher who burns at the stake those who are afterwards ascertained to be guileless. The spirit of anarchy inspires all these. It cannot be denied that such unlawful conduct has for some time disgraced this fair land, nor can it be denied that assassination has become common in many localities of the country."

"The great need at last is the enforcement of the laws we have, and if the better class would rise in their majesty and demand the enforcement of the laws, it would go further to give protection than any other step that could be taken. The trouble is that the best citizens too often fall to do their duty because of a lack of time on account of business engagements. To these men we must look for hope and protection, and until they awaken to a full realization of the demands of the hour there can be but little hope of betterment."

The Next Attraction.

On Monday evening, September 30, the Rosar & Mason's Comedians will open a three nights' engagement in the Temple Theatre.

The opening play will be a beautiful four-act sensational melodrama, "An Arizona Girl," one of the greatest plays now before the public. "The Arizona Girl," as portrayed by La Petite Ellen, is truly wonderful. This child, though but ten years of age, is the cleverest versatile child actress on the American stage. She not only plays the difficult role of an "Arizona Girl," but will introduce the latest songs and dances.

The Rosar Musical Trio will fill in between acts with the strongest musical act ever seen in Earlington, playing the Aluminum Chimes, Swiss Hand Bells, Sleigh Bells, etc., and concluding with the German Band, positively the funniest band on the road. It will pay you to see this company.

Letter List.

Rev. R. T. Bailey, Mrs. Ella Calvert, Kate Chilton, Markie Cole, Buck Fox, P. P. Fleming, Eliza Falkner, E. A. Henry, Malissa Herrington, Hattie Motton, Miss Cordie Joel, L. E. Nunley, Mrs. E. A. Rosch, W. S. Smith, W. T. Small, Ella Lee Slaughter, Rev. E. G. Tompson, Johnnie Wise.

One lady admitted free with each paid reserved seat ticket, Monday night only.

GRAPEVINE ITEMS.

People Indignant at Lawless Acts of Union Men.

Other News From our Prosperous Country Neighbors.

The people of this vicinity are indignant at the acts of the U. M. W. and many of them would, if necessary, render their assistance to protect the miners from a people who do not care for law and order.

The sorghum mill is abroad in the land.

Tobacco cutting is nearing completion.

B. L. Todd and Eugene Pritenett, of Madisonville, were Sunday visitors.

Mrs. Elizabeth Morrison, of near Russellville, is visiting her son, W. L. Morrison.

Several from this vicinity attended the funeral of Katie Young at Odd Fellows Cemetery last week.

There being no preaching here Sunday, the singing class met for practice.

Elder W. H. Ligon has called in his appointment for Saturday before the Fifth Sunday, but will preach Sunday at 11 a. m. and continue throughout throughout the week at night.

Geo. McGaw, of Webster County, was this section last week buying cattle.

Ernest Brown and family, of the Liberty neighborhood, visited at Jno. Slaton's Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Artie Veazey, of Maniton, visited Miss Jettie Stanley, Sunday.

Will Crenshaw is doing guard duty at Reinecke Mines.

Jeff Sisk and wife, of Mortons Gap, visited at A. J. Sisk's Sunday.

Mannington Mention.

Excitement ran high here last week when the report came that five citizens had been killed by strikers at St. Charles. Men were ready to go at any moment if called upon by the proper officers.

Phillips & Co. have moved their saw mill from here to the Stull bottoms.

Elder W. G. Teague preached at 8 o'clock last Sunday evening.

Very few on the sick list in our locality.

The coal company that was to begin operation here died incipient.

Mrs. Lizzie McIntosh, Charles McFar, W. G. Teague, B. E. Parker and John B. Martin each had a milch cow killed last week on the Raul ranch.

Hogs sheep and cattle are being bought here every day by local buyers.

The Empire Coal and mining Co. is to move all its business to New Empire and all trains will stop there in the future instead of here and Empire.

The picnic at Rifle Bridge last Saturday was largely attended by citizens of this place.

The corn crop of this locality is estimated at fifty per cent, while the tobacco crop was never poorer.

W. C. Lyell is at work on his section of road and is putting it in the same order that he is noted for as he never does things by halves.

Our school at Parker's is better attended than ever before.

Mr. B. E. Parker has been looking after some persons who have been cutting timber on the lands of the St. Bernard Coal Company just east of here.

Mannington is to have another picnic in the near future.

NANCY ELLEN.

FIDDING BOB.

Ex-Gov. Robt. L. Taylor, of Tennessee, Goes to Louisville on His Honeymoon.

Former Governor, Robert L. Taylor, was quietly married in Tuscaloosa, Ala., to Mrs. Alice Fitts Hill, the bride is a daughter of J. P. Fitts, a wealthy banker and now treasurer of the State University at Tuscaloosa. The couple left immediately after the ceremony for Louisville, where the distinguished Tennesseean and his charming bride will enjoy their honeymoon.

Rosar & Mason's Comedians open a three nights' engagement at Temple Theatre, Monday evening, September 30. Opening play, "An Arizona Girl."

QUIET WEDDING.

Mr. Elmer Witherspoon and Miss Inez Dean United in Marriage Sunday Night.

Sunday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the residence of the bride's sisters, Mrs. Yandell Q. Walker, Miss Inez Dean and Mr. Elmer Witherspoon, were united in marriage, Rev. R. M. Currie, of the M. E. Church, South, officiating. The wedding was no surprise to the many friends of the young people, but the exact time had been made known to only a few relatives and intimate friends of the young people, and was a very simple but pretty affair. Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Witherspoon left for Madisonville to spend a few days with the parents of the groom in that city.

Miss Dean is the second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Jas. R. Dean, and is one of the most beautiful and popular young ladies in the city. Mr. Witherspoon has been an employee of the St. Bernard Coal Company for the past year and is a sober and industrious young man. During his residence in this city he has made many friends, who heartily congratulate him upon the selection of his partner for life.

Mr. and Mrs. Witherspoon will continue to reside in this city and will go to housekeeping in a few days.

LOCOMOTIVE BLASTS.

Calvin J. Martin was on the chain gang run last week.

Conductor Gephart and Engineer Sam Hackey passed through Sunday on an excursion for Evansville.

J. H. Devney went to Evansville Saturday and returned on the four o'clock train.

Conductor Joe Robertson is off attending court at St. Louis this week.

Engineer Dublissen is attending court at Henderson for the company.

The switch engines have both been kept busy this week between South Diamond and Madisonville.

The coal train has suspended business for a few days on account of the Reinecke mine being idle.

An engineer says the union men near Nortonville killed and ate a farmer's cow last week and traded the owner of the cow the hide for a half bushel of meal.

Operator Barnes, who has been in Memphis for sometime, returns to his old place at Springfield this week.

Copist Savage has returned from a month's visit to home folks at Rockville, Md.

Copist Jack Martin is now taking a month's vacation.

Dispatcher Will Griffin had seven telegrams in seven minutes by the only Doe Renfrow Monday. Will was not under the influence of laughing gas as has been reported.

Kitchell Walker is thinking of leaving the mechanical department and casting his lot with the transportation department.

If the mines in the county would shut down, our railroad men would be in as bad shape as the miners. They are both in the same box.

That was a nice congregation at the three o'clock service for men at the Christian church, Sunday afternoon. Hope the same ones will go next Sunday and take somebody with them.

Speaking of the failure of the steel strike, Bradstreet's says:

"Although the delightful fiction of responsibility resting with the consent companies was quite well preserved, the men were confronted for the first time in their experience, with a solidly organized opposition possessing a power of localizing the disturbance and of attacking in detail which has been enjoyed by no other similar concern or organization of concerns. That the corporation did not choose to really force the fight, but was content to let the strike fall of its own weight, is no disparagement of the strength possessed by the employing interest. That the men's organization had no real financial strength, and that the aid of other labor bodies could not be secured, was no fault of the corporation against which their efforts were directed, while the failure of the men to make the strike a general one east and west was merely another example of insufficient cause for striking and of bad leadership leading to worse results."

MOVED FROM HOME.

Family of Mr. Witherspoon, of Madisonville, Seek Safety From Bullets.

HOME NEAR UNION CAMP.

Most of Shooting at Reinecke Men and Citizens Done From These Premises.

EXCITING BEGINNING

TO HONEYMOON.

Mr. Granville Witherspoon, whose home place in the northwest portion of Madisonville has been used as a place of ambuscade by the outlaws camped first in Burton's Grove adjoining and now on the land of John Knight west of the Witherspoon place, has moved his family from home and taken refuge down town. Mr. Witherspoon's farm and even his wooded lawn which slopes from his residence to the street in front of his place, has been used by men from the union camps as the hiding place from which nearly all of the firing upon the Reinecke mine and upon miners, citizens and officers has been done.

Much shooting has been done around and from his place for some days, but the performance of Monday morning capped the climax. This was the morning's work that precipitated Judge Nunn's message to the Governor, giving it as his opinion that troops were needed to preserve the peace.

When the union men opened fire that morning upon policemen and upon the deputies stationed at the Reinecke mine there were some twenty-five or more men on Mr. Witherspoon's front lawn shooting from behind trees, and two men with Winchester walking around near the house watching the windows.

A large number of shots were fired by these men and many empty rifle shells were found in piles here and there on the lawn after the men had gone back toward camp. A friend of Mr. Witherspoon reports that gentleman as saying that some one with a long range gun got a line on the fellows in his front yard after the shooting began and dropped a few bullets over in the grove, apparently from the mines. When this began the union men dropped over on the ground and crawled away rapidly. These men were mostly negroes.

On Saturday morning Elmer Witherspoon visited his father and found the family terrified. He walked out across the farm and when he got into the woods on the north side he was confronted by five negroes with Winchester, when asked what they were doing there, cursed him and said they were "running things." Mr. Witherspoon told them they were trespassing and ordered them off. They told him forcibly that it would take more than one man to put them off. All were strangers. He went down town and reported to Judge Nunn and the county judge and county attorney. Returning home with out help he got a gun and hunted through the woods but found no one there.

On Sunday night Mr. Elmer Witherspoon and Miss Inez Deane, of Earlington, were married and Mr. Witherspoon took his bride to the home of his parents to spend a few days. The honeymoon was begun under very disquieting circumstances.

TROOPS HAVE ARRIVED.

Bowling Green Company Passed Through Last Night for Madisonville.

OWENSBORO COMPANY COME LATER.

Madisonville Union Camp Scattered Out Last Night, Running From the Troops.

Monday morning Circuit Judge Nunn telegraphed the Governor as follows:

"MADISONVILLE, KY., Sept. 23, 1901. Gov. J. C. W. BECKHAM, Frankfort. It is my opinion that troops are needed here at once to preserve the peace. J. J. NUNN."

This was just after the wholesale shooting from ambush upon officers and citizens in the vicinity of the Reinecke mine.

Later in the day Judge Nunn, Hon. J. F. Dempsey and Mr. L. Bailey talked to Governor Beckham by telephone and the latter decided to send State Inspector Hines on another tour of investigation. Mr. Hines reached Madisonville Monday night and left for Frankfort Tuesday night after seeing a number of officials and other citizens.

News dispatches say that Inspector Hines reported to the Governor that the situation at Madisonville is grave and the lawless element dangerous.

Another formal request for troops went up from Madisonville yesterday morning. The railroad officials on this division received orders about noon to be ready to handle a special train from Bowling Green to Madisonville yesterday afternoon. This

was to bring the Bowling Green company, which passed through here at 10:30 last night.

The Owensboro company came by way of Henderson and was run to Madisonville by special train, reaching that place at 1:12 o'clock this morning.

The soldiers were quartered at the Hotel Lucile last night and had breakfast there this morning.

SCATTERED.

Union Camp at Madisonville Fled to Four Winds Last Night.

HEARD TROOPS WERE COMING.

Union men in camp near Reinecke mines at Madisonville left there last night precipitately when they received news of the coming of troops. They were seen scattering to the woods about dark, taking their guns with them, and it was thought another night attack might be made before the arrival of the soldiers. But the union fellows didn't have time. They thought it time to move and they moved to get away before the blue coats came. The trains last night bore many non-union residents out of the county.

EVENTS OF A WEEK.

Incidents of the Mining Situation Condensed in a Brief Form.

So much has happened in Hopkins county since our last issue that about the only way to show the various incidents in consecutive order is to compile them briefly as follows. This is perhaps not all but it is enough of disgrace to the county for one week.

THURSDAY. Circuit Judge Nunn arrived. Request for troops referred to him. Three hundred union men camped at Nortonville. Reinecke still forced to be idle. Judge Nunn advised Manager Bailey to run mine tomorrow, but later urged him not to make the attempt. Reinecke men asked the privilege of arming for self protection and were denied. Business at Madisonville paralyzed. More guns distributed at Central City Thursday to negroes who start for Hopkins county.

FRIDAY. Nortonville camp moved out of jurisdiction Hopkins county upon advice. Reinecke mines idle. All others operating and carefully guarded. Leading citizens call on Judge Nunn and ask that union camp be broken up. Mines in adjoining counties closed for lack of men who have come to Hopkins. Soldiers held in readiness by the Governor dispersed.

SATURDAY. Reinecke goes to work with short force in face of hostile fire from union men. Manager Bailey, policemen, miners and citizens fired upon. Sheriff Witherspoon held up on his father's farm by five negroes with Winchester. Col. Haley leaves Hopkins. Wild shooting in darkness near Earlington at night. Reinecke men threatened with death if they attempt to work. Oak Hill company offers reward.

SUNDAY. Quiet day. Reinecke preparing to work Monday. 100 citizens to accompany miners to work. Bakersport camp added to by arrival of more men, guns and provision. Union men begin to move camp from Burton's grove to John Knight's farm west of Reinecke mine.

MONDAY. Firing on Reinecke mine opened at 1 a. m. and kept up until 4 a. m. Between 5 and 6 a. m. 200 or more shots fired, by union men ambushed on Witherspoon's farm, at officers and citizens before miners got on road to work. Judge Nunn wires Governor troops are needed. Sheriff Summers large posse at Madisonville and Earlington. Special train with posse from Earlington, Morton's Gap and Oak Hill responds quickly. Returned to Earlington to await orders then dispersed. No guns to arm Madisonville posse. State Inspector Hines arrives to investigate situation again.

TUESDAY. Reinecke idle. No protection offered miners. Citizens' indignation meeting at Madisonville called off at suggestion of authorities who feared a riot would result. Inspector Hines leaves for Frankfort.

WEDNESDAY. Reinecke idle. Another call for troops. Inspector Hines reports to Governor situation serious and lawless element dangerous. Railroad officials instructed to be ready to run special from Bowling Green to Madisonville. Long range rifle shooting at men working on Oak Hill tippie and spirited duel with deputies. Troops from Bowling Green and Owensboro arrived in the night. Rabid socialist speech made by strange Italian on streets of Madisonville.

DOWN IN THE MINES.

At some future day when some yet unknown author attempts to write up a true and correct history of Hopkins county, he will have some unpleasant facts to chronicle. Some things that will not reflect much credit or manhood upon a certain class, now well known for their activity and the spreading dissension among the laboring classes.

These traducers of our county are now concealing their identity so far as possible and do their acts under cover of the secret chambers. And should the facts, as we have reason to believe not now fully known, ever become public these alders and abettors of this almost criminal attack on the homes and welfare of our people would hang their heads in shame. Take the history of the past week as it would appear on the pages of the author, for an example of the condition of affairs since the U. M. W.'s first made their appearance in this county, and you could find nothing commendable; but instead, your heart would be filled with grief when you would read of the attempted assassination of some colored men who sought to obtain a living by the sweat of their brows for themselves and those depending on them, by work in the Oak Hill mine, and one who, while enjoying a peaceful sleep, had perhaps a fatal bullet fired into him by supposed members of the U. M. W.

Then, again, it would not look well in print to have recorded the fact that while honest and hard toiling miners were on their way to work in the Reinecke mine at Madisonville, the contents of Winchester rifles were fired at them, and they were compelled to turn back or run the risk of losing their lives, and that for several days they were thus kept from returning to work. Neither would it speak creditably of the laws of our State which have thus far proven inadequate to prevent the camping of an armed enemy of the county within our midst, who defy both law and officers. Who could feel proud of the fact that five negro men, armed with the latest improved weapons, could be seen well intrenched, shooting at men who would attempt to go to work? Even the colored man who prized most highly the privilege of making an honest living would regret the fact written upon the pages of history the fact that his race would attempt to take the life of his fellowman, while peaceably following his daily vocation. And again, it would be a sad thing indeed to peruse the fact that there is in this county thousands of people who have their eyes blinded as to the best interests of all the people and who therefore show sympathy with the U. M. W.'s. This brief but not part of a week's doings, would not add anything creditable to the history of the county, neither would the fact that for the protection of property a large force of men are doing guard duty at the expense of both the mine operators and the county.

Much sympathy is due Secretary Bailey, of the Reinecke Coal Company, who lately had two attacks made on his life; but thus far Providence seems to protect him against the assassin's bullet. Much praise is due him for the firm and bold stand he has taken against the encroachments of the U. M. W. on his rights as a citizen and employer. It is rumored that the U. M. W.'s who had camped near Nortonville, and they were at once seized with fear and moved their camp to another county, while the mountain men still remain in the mountains. The Providence Coal Co. is doing a fine business now. So great is their production of coal that the train from that point makes extra trips quite often to move the coal. That was a mine which for a long time bore the brunt of the attack by the U. M. W. and which withstood all their attacks and at this day is in fine shape. The report being freely sent to papers from this, Hopkins county that the mine operators were negotiating with the U. M. W.'s for a settlement is far from the facts because the operators all along have taken a firm stand founded upon justice that they would in no way recognize the union, not even treat with them on any subject. Of course, the U. M. W.'s will send the newfar and near that after a siege of about one year they have succeeded in partially closing down the Reinecke mine by meeting the miner with a shotgun. Why can not the highwayman who after drawing his gun and holding up and robbing his victim also boast of the feat. Several of the mines over on the Illinois Central Railroad are, we understand, now shut down, so urgent had the demand grown for them

to join the camp of the intimidators at several points in this county. To them it seems more important to keep others from work than to work themselves.

Elder E. J. Willis, who has been holding a protracted meeting at the Christian church for the past two weeks, spoke very forcibly on the rights of citizens and property holders, in a special talk to men last Sunday, taking the view that the constitution gave the liberty of speech when right; that business men have the right to run their own business when in conformity with law. Some severe blows were given the form of anarchy which now exists in this county.

We understand that the U. M. W. organization admit that they have already spent \$170,000 in this county on an attempt to unionize the miners, and so far not a mine have they secured control of. It looks like a bad investment, indeed.

Over one million dollars in wages were lost by steel workers during the late strike that has just been declared off.

Does it look like justice when a class of miners, many of whom are from other counties, are allowed to carry guns and shoot at our home miners while enroute to work, and the law won't permit the latter to carry a gun even for self defense.

Superintendent Harris, of South Diamond, is well blessed with miners and others who are willing and ready to protect home and property.

It would appear from careful inquiry among some of the largest coal producers in Illinois, that mines which have little or no shipping pug business, or, at best, it is not steady, continuous or permanent, receive about as much attention and care from the railroads upon which they are located as those mines which have orders for all the coal they can get out; that is to say the big mines have an established trade which will take all their product. So that it is these larger plants enjoying a steady demand that keep the rolling stock moving continuously; hence, cars can be handled more promptly and expeditiously than when they are distributed indiscriminately to all mines, big and little. To illustrate, a small producing mine sends in a requisition for ten cars a day and can use only three cars for five, the remainder stand idle until the following day, when it receives another lot of empties for which it has no use, whereas the large mines, shipping from 500 to 1,000 tons daily, are continually short anywhere from ten to twenty cars. This is a manifest injustice, and while we can not point out the proper remedy, it is clearly evident that one might and could be suggested upon consultation with the shippers and railroad authorities. —Black Diamond.

We Want to See You!

We can tell what makes your eyes blur and your head swim. You are bilious and Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin will cure you or the manufacturer will refund you the purchase price. Sold by Jno. X. Taylor.

Go to Temple Theatre, Monday evening, September 30, and see Eddie Delaney and Marie Estella in their travesty comedy, "The Mystery of the Yogis."

\$200 Reward.

We offer a reward of \$200 for the arrest and conviction of each and every one who was engaged in shooting into the Boarding House, the property of our mines, last Wednesday morning at about 4 o'clock, at which time Perry Grady was shot and wounded.

OAK HILL COAL CO., J. H. TRATHEN, Pres. P. O., Nortonville, Ky. Sept. 21, 1901.

Mr. Patrick Blair removed this week from Morton's Gap to this city to make his home. We are glad to welcome Mr. Blair and family back to their first love.

DYSPEPSIA

"For six years I was a victim of dyspepsia in its worst form. I could eat nothing but milk and toast, and at times my stomach would burn and become even feverish. Last March I began taking CASCARETS and since then I have steadily improved, until I am as well as ever was in my life."

J. D. H. MURPHY, Newark, O.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
TRADE MARK REGISTERED
REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do not create a habit, and do not gripe. Sold by all druggists. **CURE CONSTIPATION.** Suffering Constipation, Chicago, Madison, N. Y., Ill. **NO-TO-BAC** CIGARETTES. Guaranteed by all druggists to cure TOBACCO HABIT.

THE BIG STORE.

THE BIG STORE.

SPECIAL SALE!

...Sample Line of Men's Hats...



All Hats worth \$2 to \$3.50, choice \$1.50.

All Hats worth \$1.50 to \$2, choice \$1.18.

From a Factory that manufacture exclusively a fine line, worth from \$1.50 to \$3.50.

All the finest ones are size 7 or 7 1-8. If you wear this size, this is your opportunity to get a fine Hat at about half price.

DULIN & M'LEOD,

MADISONVILLE, KY.

Louisville's Great INTERSTATE

FAIR

Sept. 23-Oct. 5, 1901

Magnificent Roman Hippodrome and Athletic Carnival.

America's Grandest Exhibit of Live Stock and Farm Products

\$15,000.00

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SPEED CONTESTS ON ILLUMINATED TRACK

An Old Fashioned Fair with up-to-date Amusements

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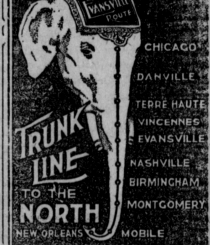
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heals lungs and stops the cough.

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PRATT VS. BRECKINRIDGE.

Case Argued Before Court of Appeals by Eminent Attorneys.

Frankfort, Ky., Sept. 24.—The case of Pratt vs. Breckinridge was set for argument today and tomorrow, Judge Pryor to argue for Breckinridge and Judge Givens for Pratt today, Judge Hazelrigg for Breckinridge and ex-Governor Bradley for Pratt tomorrow. The time allowed is an hour for each argument. Governor Bradley and Judge Givens came on a morning train from Louisville.

Judge Pryor began speaking at 11:15 and Judge Givens followed this afternoon.

Judge Pryor's argument was that the power of the contest board was autocratic and that partisan or non-partisan, its decisions were final and not to be questioned by any court.

Gentlemen—My wife was afflicted with Dyspepsia and Constipation for years. After trying other remedies I purchased a bottle of Dr. Caldwell's Syrup Pepsin for her and she is rapidly improving. I cannot but believe in this valuable medicine.

S. ELLIOT,
Elk City, Kan., Dec. 18, 1907.

CHARACTERISTIC STATEMENT.

Jim Hawkins, of Oak Hill Gives Correspondent the Miners' View.

Mr. Graham Vreeland interviewed some Oak Hill miners the first day he arrived in Hopkins county to report the mining situation, last week on Wednesday afternoon. He talked with Jim Hawkins, who said, in part:

"Do you think that we would remain here as targets for rifle bullets, even while we are asleep, if we were not entirely satisfied and anxious to remain and be let alone? We are satisfied in every respect, and I know that my fellow workers in the Oak Hill mine would tell you the same—just exactly what I am telling you. There are no strings tied to us, and if we were not satisfied we would leave. We do not want to join the union and we are not going to do so. The fact that we remain here, though in constant danger of losing our lives, ought to be sufficient evidence to any sane man that we do not want to leave, and are satisfied."

On the accession of the new emperor of China, he goes in solemn state to the "Temple of Heaven," in Peking, and formally announces to his imperial predecessors the new titles and dignities which he has assumed.

COUGH-KILL

We know of nothing better than coughing to tear the lining of your throat and lungs. It is better than any other remedy to cause bronchitis and pneumonia. Only keep it up, and you will succeed in reducing your weight, losing your appetite, bringing on a slow fever, and making everything right for the germs of consumption.

Better kill your cough before it kills you.

Allen's Pectoral kills coughs of every kind. A 25 cent bottle is just right for an ordinary cough, and for the harder coughs of bronchitis you will need a 50 cent bottle; and for the coughs of consumption the one dollar size is most economical.

"My cough reduced me to a mere shadow. I tried many remedies, but all failed. I then bought Allen's Pectoral immediately began to improve, and three bottles returned me to health. I believe I owe my life to it."

SARAH F. MORGAN,
Oct. 1, 1907, Indianapolis, Ind.

CALLED A SUDDEN HALT.

The Schley Court of Inquiry Interrupted by the Death of Judge Jere Wilson.

HE WAS SENIOR COUNSEL FOR SCHLEY.

His Death, Which Occurred at the Shoreham Hotel, Washington, was the Result of Acute Indigestion and Kidney Affect—Court Adjourned For the Day.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The Schley court of inquiry was brought to a sudden termination for the day shortly after convening by the announcement of the sudden death of Judge Jere Wilson, senior counsel for the Admiral Schley. The announcement was made to the court by Hon. Isidor Taylor, assistant counsel, in the following language:

The Sad Announcement.
"I have a very sad announcement to make to the court. I have just heard of the death of Judge Wilson. I left him at ten o'clock this morning, slightly indisposed. I was with him until late last night. I saw him this morning at eight o'clock and left him at ten. We have confirmed the rumor that he died at the Shoreham hotel."

JUDGE JERE WILSON.

Through the telephone that he has just died at the Shoreham hotel, and I would respectfully ask the court to adjourn for the day.

"I have to announce that owing to the death of Judge Wilson, senior counsel, the court will adjourn for today until tomorrow morning."

Mr. Rayner said that so far as he could now see, the counsel for Admiral Schley would be able to proceed Wednesday, but he added that there would be a desire to attend the funeral when it occurred.

Devey and Capt. Lemly agreed that this detail could be arranged later.

The announcement of Judge Wilson's death created a sensation not only among members of the court, but among the spectators, and some minutes elapsed before people generally would accept the report.

How the News Came.
The report first reached Mr. Rayner in the shape of a rumor a minute or two after Machinist A. B. Claxton, of the Texas, the second witness, had been put on the stand. Capt. Parker and Mr. Tenge, of Admiral Schley's counsel, immediately went to the telephone. They returned in a few minutes, saying the report had been confirmed.

It was announced at the court-room that Judge Wilson's death had occurred at 10:15 a. m., at the Shoreham hotel and that it had been due to acute indigestion and kidney affection.

THE STEEL WORKERS' STRIKE

President Shaffer of the Amalgamated Association Tells Why It Didn't Succeed.

Pittsburg, Pa., Sept. 24.—President Shaffer of the Amalgamated association has prepared an exhaustive statement reviewing the incidents of the late strike of the steel workers. The circular will be mailed at once to all the lodges of the association.

The interesting feature of President Shaffer's statement is his severe criticism of other labor organizations for their failure to come to the aid of the Amalgamated in the hour of trial. He is especially severe in his criticism of those labor leaders who promised assistance and, as he says, failed to keep their agreement.

HELD FOR EXAMINATION.

Herr Most and Two Others Arrested Sunday Night Bound Over to \$5,000 Bonds.

New York, Sept. 24.—Johann Most, who was arrested Sunday night at a meeting of alleged anarchists in Corona, L. I., was arraigned in court yesterday, on the charge of violating the section of the penal code which relates to unlawful assemblage. He and two others of those arrested at the same time were held to \$5,000 bonds each for examination September 25. The owner of the hall in which the meeting was held was charged with violation of the excise and keeping a disorderly house.

SEVERAL MILLIONS LOSS.

Large Section of the City of Bergen, Norway, Burned—Two Firemen Were Killed.

Christiansia, Sept. 24.—A large section of Bergen was burned Sunday night. Two firemen were killed. The damage done amounts to several million kroner.

HAS RESUMED BUSINESS.

The Affairs of the Government Resumed After a Suspension of Three Days.

Washington, Sept. 21.—After a suspension of three days, as a mark of respect to the dead president, the business of the government was resumed at 9 a. m. Friday.

The train bearing President Roosevelt and the members of his cabinet arrived at 9:30 o'clock, and 15 minutes later the president entered the White House, and going at once to the elevator, proceeded by the cabinet room, where President McKinley was wont to do the greater part of his work. When the new chief executive reached the White House he walked briskly to the big front door, which swung wide open to receive him. He spoke pleasantly as he passed to the watchman and other employees of the mansion, and reaching his office, was joined almost immediately by Secretary Long, who did not go to Canton to take part in the national ceremonies. Soon afterward Senator Callum called to pay his respects, and, following him, came Senator Proctor, one of the president's close personal friends.

Secretary Long informed the president as to the condition of affairs in his office, and was asked as to the work of the Schley court of inquiry. With Senator Callum President Roosevelt exchanged pleasant greetings and received assurances of the hearty support of the Illinois senator.

With Senator Proctor there was a similar exchange of expressions of good will.

The president's former secretary, Mr. Loeb, Jr., will remain with him, probably as assistant secretary. Mr. Jortolyn, at the president's request, will retain his position as his secretary.

At 11 o'clock all the members of the cabinet had arrived at the White House and soon were seated around the familiar table. President Roosevelt occupied a seat at its head and in the chair front occupied by the president's secretary.

It all seemed strange to these lefted advisers of the dead president to sit at the table without him at its head, and the gloom and solemnity which characterized the meeting was not unbecoming the occasion. Nearly all of the members of the present cabinet are quite sure to remain during Mr. Roosevelt's term, but it is very probable that Secretary Long will retire within the next few months. He feels that he can resign without embarrassment to Mr. Roosevelt, and therefore it is thought that within the next few months he will ask the president to permit him to retire to private life.

The cabinet was in session about an hour and a half, all of the time being spent in a general review of more important questions which will require the attention of the new president.

FUTURE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Senator Dietrich, of Nebraska, Who Has Made a Tour of the Islands, Thinks It Promising.

San Francisco, Sept. 21.—United States Senator C. H. Dietrich, of Nebraska, who has been on a visit to the Philippines, returned in the Nippon Maru, and immediately started for his home. He left here June 28, on the transport Hancock, for Manila, in company with Adj. Gen. Corbin, Gen. Voth, and Congressman Julius Kahn. Soon after reaching the Philippines these officials, with Surgeon-General Sternberg, made a circuit of the archipelago in the two months' tour. All were highly pleased with the progress made under American administration, no dissatisfaction among the Filipinos being expressed. The more southerly parts of the islands, of which comparatively little could be heard, were found to be prosperous, with Americans and Filipinos trading. The future of the Philippines, in the opinion of Senator Dietrich, is very promising.

BRAVE BUT RECKLESS.

Roosevelt's Courage Needs No Further Test, but the Country Wants Success from Assassination.

Washington, Sept. 21.—About 1:30 o'clock, shortly after the conclusion of the cabinet meeting, President Roosevelt left the White House to go to the residence of his sister, the wife of Commander Cowles, of the navy, for luncheon. Dismaying a carriage he walked swiftly and alone. No one had known where he was going, and he was passed briskly out of the grounds of the executive mansion he attracted little attention, scarcely anybody recognizing him. He crossed Pennsylvania avenue into Lafayette square, and thence up Sixteenth street to his destination. In the course of an hour and a half he returned to the White House still alone and still walking.

CARROLL D. WRIGHT HONORED.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The International Institute of Sociology, which consists of leading sociologists of the world, with headquarters at Paris, has elected United States Commissioner of Labor Carroll D. Wright to membership.

A BRITISH FORECAST.

London, Sept. 22.—The Statist says the chief danger to the Roosevelt administration is a collision with Germany over the Monroe doctrine, and that "the collision will come, and America is not prepared and Germany is prepared."

FOUR BOER SUCCESSSES.

The "Defeated" Boers Doing Business at the Old Stands of Two Years Ago.

SOME BITTER PILLS FOR THE BRITISH.

Exasperation in England Over the Conduct of the War—The Government Accused of Trying to Run It "On the Cheap" by Not Providing Adequate Resources.

London, Sept. 22.—While Mr. Kruger and Dr. Leyds are drawing up petitions to President Roosevelt and the ear, asking them to intervene, the fighting Boers are helping themselves in South Africa by celebrating the expiration of the period in which Lord Kitchener proclaimed they must surrender by four notable successes, killing 68 officers and men, wounding 60 and capturing five guns and 300 men.

RECALLS TWO YEARS AGO.

The situation is singularly like the opening of the war, two years ago, the names of the same places recurring in the dispatches. Utrecht, where Maj. Gough was entrapped, was the scene of a similar ambushade 15 months back. Acton Homes, where the Boers, Friday, repulsed, is 15 miles southeast of Ladysmith, prominent in the early hostilities, and the Natal colonials are mustering for the defense of the Tugela, as when Gen. Buller invaded Natal in 1899.

FIGHTING IN CAPE COLONY.

In Cape Colony, fighting is again going on south of Kimberberg. In territory traversed by raiders and their pursuers half a dozen times.

The government's publication of these reverses causes an outburst of indignation against the conduct of the war, not in South Africa but by the ministry. The great ministerial crisis is expected, the government of trying to run the war "on the cheap" by not providing Lord Kitchener with sufficient resources.

LACK OF ORGANIZED EFFORT.

"The Times," while it has no misgivings as to the final issue, accuses the home authorities of lack of organized, sustained effort, of a disposition to devote military financial considerations, and of failure to grasp the moral and intellectual damage which the prolongation of the struggle inflicts on the empire. Other ministerial supporters aver that precious months which should have been spent in preparing for another campaign have been wasted in elections, and that Lord Kitchener has not been supplied with the requisites.

AT THE TOMB OF MCKINLEY.

Thousands Visited Westvaco Cemetery to See the Remains of the Late President.

Canton, O., Sept. 23.—Dr. Hixey said last evening that there had been no material change in the condition of Mrs. McKinley, and that she was doing as well as could be expected. He said:

"She went out for two hours' driving yesterday and still seems to be holding her own." Yesterday's drives were taken in the family carriage, an open survey, which the president had sent on from Washington for use during the summer vacation. Dr. Hixey and Mrs. C. Hixey accompanied Mrs. McKinley. The first trip was to the cemetery yesterday morning, and it was taken at the request of Mrs. McKinley.

A much longer drive was taken during the afternoon at the suggestion of the doctor, who feels that his patient is benefited by the outdoor life she can stand and can be induced to take. These outings have always had a tendency to produce sleep and rest and to increase the appetite for her, and they now have that effect to a degree at least. It is understood that Mrs. McKinley is securing fairly good rest in the midst of her sorrow and grief.

HERR MOST AGAIN ARRESTED.

Suspected of Intention to Conduct an Anarchist Meeting in a Disorderly Saloon.

New York, Sept. 23.—The police of New York, Borough of Queens, last arrested Johann Most, the anarchist, as a disorderly person. They suspected that he was going to conduct an anarchist meeting in a saloon in Corona, L. I.

They also arrested Christina Freck, who was arrested in connection with the charge of violating the liquor tax law.

BOER ARBITRATION APPEAL.

It Will Be Brought Before the Council of the Court of Arbitration at The Hague.

The Hague, Sept. 22.—Baron Van Lynden, the minister of foreign affairs, has forwarded to the legations and members of the council of the court of arbitration a copy of the Boer appeal for arbitration, with the notification that he intends to bring the appeal before the council at the first meeting of the council. The date of the meeting is not fixed.

The business portion of Edinburg Kos, was almost entirely destroyed by fire, causing a loss of \$20,000.

NO NEGOTIATIONS.

Coal Operators Were Not Party to Attempt at Compromise.

NO DEALING WITH UNION LEADERS.

The papers have been full of a lot of stuff about alleged negotiations between union leaders and the coal operators of Hopkins county leading to a "compromise" of the mining situation.

The "negotiations" were opened by Judge Yost, who seems to have attempted to force recognition to his clients in public print and to have tried to make the operators write themselves down on a par with the outlaws encamped at Madisonville.

The attorneys for the operators make plain that the operators did not take part in any such negotiations. In what is advertised as the "counter proposition," the attorneys say:

"Seventh—State whether or not the authorized officers of the United Mine Workers of America will enter into these stipulations in their present form. If they will do so, we will take immediate steps to ascertain and report whether the coal operators of Hopkins county will join in this agreement."

In China carrier pigeons are protected from birds of prey by apparatus consisting of bamboo tubes fastened to the birds' bodies. As the pigeon flies the action of the air passing through the tubes produces a shrill whistling sound, which keeps the birds of prey at a distance.

There is a vast coal supply in Australia, which is almost unworked as yet.

A SERIOUS CASE

Of Catarrhal Dyspepsia Cured.



Leonard F. Verdey.

"With many others I want to add my testimonial to the wonderful good Peruna has done me. I have been a great sufferer from catarrhal dyspepsia. I tried many physicians, visited a good many Springs, but I believe Peruna has done more for me than all of the above put together. I feel like a new person. I have taken the Peruna and Manalis together and always expect to have a bottle in my home."—LEONARD F. VERDEY.

Congressman DeWitt of West Virginia.

Congressman R. B. Dorringer, from Wheeling, West Virginia, in a letter written from Washington, D. C., says: "I join with my colleagues in the House of Representatives in recommending your excellent remedy, Peruna, as a good tonic, and also an effective cure for catarrh."

Catarrh assumes different phases in different seasons of the year. In the summer the stomach and bowels suffer the most from the heat of the trouble. Peruna cures catarrh wherever located. If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, O.

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Crescent Sanitarium

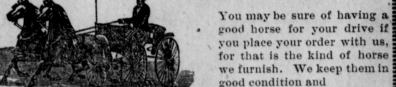
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The Crescent Sanitarium wishes to call the attention of the public to the fact that it has been open for the reception of patients for a year and a half, during which time over 150 surgical operations were performed without a death or a single case of blood poisoning. Patients have all advantages of hospital facilities, and at the same time enjoy all comforts of home life thus avoiding the restrictions and publicity necessary in public hospitals.

A corps of trained nurses are in constant attendance, thus avoiding delay in gratifying the slightest wants of the patient.

J. M. HAYDEN, M. D.
J. W. PHARES, M. D.



A GOOD HORSE.

You may be sure of having a good horse for your drive if you place your order with us, for that is the kind of horse we furnish. We keep them in good condition and

BUY THE BEST.

We would like to have your order for any kind of a rig you may need. We would like to show you how promptly and satisfactorily we can serve you.

BARNETT & ARNOLD.



PAUL M. MOORE, Editor and Publisher.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

One Year.....\$1.00
Six months......50
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Specimen copies mailed free on application.
Correspondents wanted in all parts of the county. Address us for particulars.

Telephone, No. 47.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 26, 1901.

JUDGE "BILL" YOST did a good deal of talking about "anarchy" in the year 1896. Remember that? And now he is the adviser-in-chief of the union anarchists and brigands of Western Kentucky. What do you think of that? Truly Big Bill of the Rovers should become a candidate for Circuit Judge.

CONGRESSMAN WHEELER and Mr. Charlie Bronston have lined up on the Kentucky stump as apologists for the assassination of President McKinley. As Mr. Bronston states it, our martyred President fell a victim of the evils of the "money power," which the pugnacious Charles asserts controlled the President. Mr. Wheeler denounces President McKinley's record and asserts that President Roosevelt is now enjoying "the reward of his infamy." Truly these men are patriots.

Two days before the United Mine Workers' headquarters were opened up in the Hustler building at Madisonville last November, the following sentence appeared in a dispatch from Central City to the Courier-Journal:

"It is the general opinion among men whose mining experience is valuable that Earlington will be the Gibraltar that will require tact, strategem and indefatigable labor to force into capitulation."

This was a prediction that almost amounted to a prophecy. Earlington is to-day even more of a "Gibraltar" than it was ten or eleven months ago and a year hence will be as it is today—busy and thrifty and prosperous.

The vicious negro is put to the front in the vicious operations of the United Mine Workers in Hopkins county. The negro Chappel, ex-Indian fighter and desperado, is the union's strong card in these desperate straits when they have concluded that unless they may continue to use force un molested they cannot control the busy miners of Hopkins county and tie up the large operations of our great coal industry. Some day, yea, even now, the preponderance of public opinion is weighing heavily against the actions of men in influential position whose quiet backing has supported the vicious union leaders to the point where the latter have felt their strength and have used and are using armed force to terrorize the county seat and threaten the mining property of Hopkins county. The echo of murderous shots that have been fired and of midnight depredations that have been committed upon peaceful citizens of Hopkins county, whose chief desire has been to be left alone in the pursuit of their vocation, will ring an unwelcome tune in the ears of these men, whoever they be. The law abiding citizens of Hopkins county are not without a memory.

Don't Endorse Strikes.

Commenting on the Hopkins county situation, the Elkton Progress says:

"That miners' trouble on in Hopkins county is growing serious when State troops have to be called for. Such a demand has been made of Gov. Beekman, the union miners seeming determined to prevent non-union men from working in the mines. The Progress is one newspaper that has never had a particle of patience with strikes.
Especially can there be no

patience with an attempt to force contented workmen into a strike. The mines of Hopkins county all have full forces of men, all of whom are non-union.

Brave Citizens Traded.

The Madisonville correspondent of the Owensboro Messenger, or a fake writer in the Messenger office, seems very prolific in false statements with reference to Hopkins county matters. The Messenger's version of the summoning of a posse of citizens by the sheriff on Monday morning is in full as follows:

During the day two coach loads of armed men from Earlington, in the employ of the St. Bernard Coal Company, came over from Earlington and tendered their services to the sheriff to march out to the union camp, but the sheriff forbade their going and ordered them to disperse.

The men who went on the special train to Madisonville to join the sheriff's posse were loyal citizens, ready to aid the sheriff in any movement to put down the outlawry that has for days been practiced by the armed union men camped in the edge of the county seat. They were summoned at the same time that every citizen of Madisonville, whom the sheriff could reach, was summoned—to join a posse to suppress the lawlessness that moved Circuit Judge Nunn on that same morning to telegraph the Governor that troops were needed to preserve the peace.

The ninety men who went to Madisonville on that train from Earlington, Mortons Gap and Oak Hill, were mostly deputies, who had been appointed under the law, by the sheriff to guard miners and mining property from such depredations as they were called to help put down at Madisonville that morning. And they were mostly at the time in the employ of the county, and not paid by the St. Bernard and Oak Hill companies.

True, they went voluntarily when the call came, did not wait to be conscripted. They had arms and did their duty as men and upright citizens.

The sheriff sent his deputy to Earlington that morning to summon these men, and he did not summon a man anywhere until after he had consulted with Circuit Judge Nunn.

This statement is due these citizens who answered the call to duty, as many others would have done that morning, if they could have been armed. Sheriff Hankins will doubtless take occasion to correct the Messenger's false report.

Truth and the Union.

A man giving his names "Mr. Henry Lacy, of Madisonville," got himself interviewed by a Henderson Journal reporter Tuesday as to the mining situation in Hopkins county. Here is the interview as published in the Journal:

"Mr. Lacy says the reports of rioting and bloodshed gaining circulation are groundless. He admitted that the union miners are camped at Madisonville, and are armed, but he says they have been at all times peaceable and orderly. He says the reports of attacks and impending attacks have been started by the non-union men themselves.

"The state of affairs, however," said Mr. Lacy, "may cause ultimate trouble, but up to this time there has been nothing unusual."

"The man who was shot yesterday, about which there has been so much talk, was a farmer, and he was shot by a Reinecke guard. The negro, who was slightly wounded by a union miner, had no connection with the mine trouble, but the shooting was the result of a personal difficulty."

Mister Lacy's relation to the union is not known to the writer but his relation to TRUTH is easily discernible.

Speaking of Lies.

A Madisonville dispatch to the Owensboro Messenger speaks of "the miners who are at work, nearly all of whom are negroes imported to take the places of men who have joined the union." This is a fair sample of a line of malicious misrepresentations that

have been sent out by unscrupulous representatives of the union, whose livelihood depends upon their ability to blind the men behind the pick who put up their expense money from other mining fields. And these falsehoods have been encouraged by certain people of Hopkins county who know better but who think they see in the situation opportunity for gain personally, commercially or politically. The statement is infamously false. Every mine in Hopkins county has a full force of thrifty and contented miners, all of whom are non-union men. Many of these men are life-long citizens of Hopkins county and many have been continuously in the employ of the coal companies of this county for periods ranging from ten to twenty and even thirty years; the St. Bernard Coal Company, which is the pioneer coal operator of the county, having in its employ today men who helped to open the first mines thirty years ago. About fifty per cent of the two thousand employed miners in the county are colored and many of these have been continuously in the employ of the various companies for a number of years. There are a number of twenty-five year colored men, too, with the pioneer company referred to. To say nothing of the many cozy homes owned by the resident white miners of Hopkins county, there are even very many of the colored miners who own their own comfortable cottages and follow their daily avocations honestly and soberly. Such is the case especially in the older mining towns of Earlington, Morton's Gap and St. Charles where from the start the policy of the operators has been to encourage employees to own their homes.

The miners of Hopkins county are not aliens, are not vicious negroes, "ex-convicts" as some would have us believe, "imported" for reasons dangerous to the county. They are industrious, contented producers of wealth for the county and liberal consumers of the county's products. They have been urgently solicited for nearly a year, through newspaper and circular and by word of mouth, to fall out with their employers and close the busy operations of the mines. They have been circularized, coaxed, cajoled, threatened, set upon by mobs and beaten; have been waylaid, led into ambushes on the way to their daily labor for the support of themselves and families. Their homes have been perforated by the bullets of midnight assassins time and again, to the eternal shame of the county and state in which they live; and these attacks have been made upon homes of various station from humblest employee to that of general manager. And still these men continue in their determination to work under conditions which they have found satisfactory and for em-

ployed with whom they have been upon most cordial terms for years.

Is it not about time that forcible interference, intimidation and even distasteful methods of "persuasion" should be stopped by some agency?

Honest men seek out the truth for themselves when opportunity is offered and we respectfully urge, if any citizen of Hopkins county doubts any of our statements, that he visit Earlington and see for himself if they are not true. Citizens of Earlington will take pleasure in demonstrating the truth of the statements we have made.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for the brain, another for the muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at St. Bernard Drug Store, Get Green's Special Almanac.

Confidence in the new President was evidenced by a rise in the price of American securities on the New York and London markets.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Great Favorite.

The soothing and healing properties of this remedy, its pleasant taste and prompt and permanent cures have made it a great favorite with people everywhere. It is especially prized by mothers of small children for colds, croup and whooping cough, as it always affords quick relief, and as it contains no opium or other harmful drug it may be given as confidently to a baby as to an adult. For sale by St. Bernard Drugstore, Earlington; Ben T. Robinson, Morton's Gap; George King, St. Charles.

The less we have to do more the recording angel places to our credit when we give.

Success—Worth Knowing.

Forty years success in the South proof of "Chills" Tonic a great remedy for Chills and all Malarial Fevers. Better than Calomel and Quinine. Contains no Arsenic. Guaranteed. Try it. At Drugstores. 50c. and \$1.00 bottles.

A popular style of trimming for the street and every day hat is the draped silk scarf.

Stops the Cough and Works off the Cold. Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

DIED OF CONSUMPTION.

The Beautiful Young Wife of Dr. Amos O. Sisk.

Mrs. Nelle Nisbet Sisk, the beautiful young wife of Dr. Amos O. Sisk, died in Madisonville Sunday evening at 9 o'clock of consumption, from which she had been a sufferer for almost a year. Dr. and Mrs. Sisk made their home in Earlington prior to her departure for Colorado several months ago for her health, but since their return in August have been with relatives in Madisonville, where everything possible was done to alleviate her suffering and preserve her life, if possible. The remains were laid to rest in the Odd Fellows' Cemetery Tuesday afternoon. The funeral services were conducted by Elder J. L. Hill, of the Christian church, of which deceased was a member, and was largely attended.

Many friends in Earlington sympathize with the young husband in his bitter grief and regret the seemingly untimely departure of the one he led to the altar less than two years ago.

La Petite Eileen, an Arizona Girl, at Temple Theatre, Monday night.

ARE YOU BANKRUPT in health, constitution undermined by extravagance in eating, by disregarding the laws of nature, or physical capital all gone, if so, NEVER DESPAIR

Tutt's Liver Pills will cure you. For sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, torpid liver, constipation, biliousness and all kindred diseases. Tutt's Liver Pills an absolute cure.

ployes with whom they have been upon most cordial terms for years.

Is it not about time that forcible interference, intimidation and even distasteful methods of "persuasion" should be stopped by some agency?

Honest men seek out the truth for themselves when opportunity is offered and we respectfully urge, if any citizen of Hopkins county doubts any of our statements, that he visit Earlington and see for himself if they are not true. Citizens of Earlington will take pleasure in demonstrating the truth of the statements we have made.

Brain Food Nonsense.

Another ridiculous food fad has been branded by the most competent authorities. They have dispelled the silly notion that one kind of food is needed for the brain, another for the muscles, and still another for bones. A correct diet will not only nourish a particular part of the body but it will sustain every other part. Yet, however good your food may be, its nutriment is destroyed by indigestion or dyspepsia. You must prepare for their appearance or prevent their coming by taking regular doses of Green's August Flower, the favorite medicine of the healthy millions. A few doses aids digestion, stimulates the liver to healthy action, purifies the blood, and makes you feel buoyant and vigorous. You can get Dr. G. G. Green's reliable remedies at St. Bernard Drug Store, Get Green's Special Almanac.

Confidence in the new President was evidenced by a rise in the price of American securities on the New York and London markets.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a Great Favorite.

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KEEP YOUR EYES ON US.

We are watching you with an eagle's eye. We make it our business; our object in this is to learn your taste, your wants. We see in you a growing demand for

Tailor-Made Suits,

And in response to this "up-to-date" idea of yours we have in stock now a handsome selection of these very stylish garments.

COME IN AND SEE THEM WON'T YOU?

Mr. CLIFF PRITCHETT, the best man in a Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garment Department in Kentucky, is in his glory when you ask to see his Suits and Skirts, and he is selling them right along. You would be surprised to see how beautifully he fits the ladies and how quickly they buy.

BISHOP & CO.

MADISONVILLE, KY.

The People Who Sell Ladies' Ready-Made Clothes.

SUBSCRIBE TO THE

Cumberland Telephone and Telegraph Company's

LOCAL AND LONG-DISTANCE SERVICE.

Residence Telephones as low as \$1.25 per month.

Business Telephones as low as \$1.50 per month.

LOCAL LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE

We place you in communication with

20,000,000 People,

Who transact an enormous daily business

BY TELEPHONE,

Which could not otherwise be done.

CALL CENTRAL FOR INFORMATION. NO CONTRACTS REQUIRED.

Painless Dentistry

Teeth Extracted And Filled Without Pain.

USING the latest and most harmless anaesthetics and all the modern Appliances known to Dental Surgery.

Work Guaranteed. Lowest Prices. Consistent with the Best Work.

T. D. RENFROW.

OFFICE OVER POSTOFFICE.

Low Rates to Texas.

At frequent intervals during the year round trip tickets will be sold via the **Cotton Belt Route**, from Cairo and Memphis to points in Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, and Indian and Oklahoma Territories, at greatly reduced rates.

Tell us where you want to go; also when you would like to leave, and we will tell you when you can secure one of the lowest tickets and what it will cost. We will also send you a complete schedule for the trip and an interesting little book, "A Trip to Texas."

F. R. WATTS, T. P. A., Cincinnati, Ohio.
E. W. LORRAINE, G. P. & T. A., St. Louis, Mo.

COZOGOSZ FOUND GUILTY.

The Assassination of President McKinley Will Get His Deserts Promptly.

THE TRIAL LASTED JUST TWO DAYS.

Judge White Announced That He Would Pass Sentence on Thursday, the 26th, and It Goes Without Saying That Punishment Will Follow Without Unnecessary Quibbling or Delay.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 23.—Leon P. Cozogosz, alias Fred. Nieman, was found guilty, yesterday, of murder in the first degree, by a jury in Part III of the supreme court, in having, on the sixth day of September, shot President William McKinley, the wounds inflicted afterward resulting in the death of the president.

The wheels of justice moved quickly. The trial of the assassin consumed 8 hours and 26 minutes, and covered a period of only two days. Practically all of this time was occupied by the prosecution in presenting a case so conclusive that even had the prisoner entered the plea of insanity it is doubted if the jury would have returned a verdict different from the one rendered.

The announcement made yesterday afternoon by the attorneys for Cozogosz that the eminent alienista summoned by the Erie County Bar association, and by the district attorney to examine Cozogosz, and to determine his mental condition had declared him to be perfectly sane, destroyed the only stage of a defense that Judges Lewis and Titus could have put together.

Before adjournment Justice White announced that he would pronounce sentence upon the defendant on Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. The prisoner was taken, once through the tunnel under Delaware avenue back to the jail. To all appearances he was in no way affected by the result of the trial.



LEON COZOGOSZ.

At 2:44 p. m. District Attorney Penny abruptly announced that the case of the prosecuted assassin, Leon Cozogosz, said that the sudden close of the case against Cozogosz was a surprise to him and his counsel. They had no witness to call for the defense. He asked the court that he be allowed to address the jury at once. The court assented, and the district attorney began an address that will long be remembered by those who heard it. Judge Lewis was crying when he finished and the eyes of the jurists in the court room were filled with tears.

Judge Titus then arose and said that Judge Lewis' speech completely covered the ground that it seemed entirely unnecessary for him to reiterate and he would, therefore, rest. At 3:10 District Attorney Penny began summing up. He spoke in a clear, well-modulated voice, and every word could be heard in any part of the room.

Justice White then commended the jurors for their patience during the trial, and ordered them to retire and bring in a verdict. Just before they did so, however, District Attorney Penny requested the judge to charge the jury that the law presumes every individual sane unless proven otherwise, and the court said to them: "The law presumes the defendant in this case sane."

Lawyer Titus also asked the court to charge the jury that if they were satisfied from the evidence that at the time of the commission of the act the defendant was laboring under such a defect of reason as not to know the quality of the act or that it was wrong, he was not responsible, and the jury must acquit.

"If so charge," said the judge.

Installed at the White House. Washington, Sept. 25.—President Roosevelt, Monday, took up his official residence at the White House, and the flag was raised to full staff. The president occupied, for the first time, Monday night, the presidential chamber. He will be joined by Mrs. Roosevelt and family Wednesday.

Charged with Murder. Princeton, Ill., Sept. 25.—Charles A. Hensel, a well-known young Bureau county farmer, was indicted by the grand jury, Monday, for the murder of his wife, who was burned to death a month ago. Mrs. Hensel's life was insured for \$4,000 three weeks before her death.

OTHERWISE UNNOTICED.

Ten million Chinese are homeless owing to the floods in the Yangtze valley.

The betting on the America's cup races is quoted, in New York, at \$ 10 on Columbia.

The international sculpture court will be one of the features of the World's fair at St. Louis.

Misoline, the famous Italian brigand, is said to be in New York, unable to obtain employment.

George Blomox, of Cartersville, Ill., was the victim of highwaymen in a questionable quarter of St. Louis.

Willey O. Bell, a native of North Carolina, but who had lived in Illinois 23 years, died at West York, Ill., Monday.

Owing to expected restrictions on immigration in the United States, shipping shares in Germany are declining.

Mr. W. C. Whitney confirms the report that he has quit the English turf and will hereafter confine his racing to American tracks.

The hospital for the insane at Norfolk, Neb., was entirely destroyed by fire Monday. Three of the inmates were reported to be dead.

Secretary Gage will leave Washington, Thursday, for Colorado, where he will pass his vacation. He expects to be gone until October 17.

The duke and duchess of Cornwall and York were entertained in a Canadian lumber camp, Monday, and shot the timber wolves.

Illinois apple growers declare the fruit this year is highly colored, and attribute it to the peculiar weather conditions that existed during the hot summer months.

Secretary of State J. L. Power of Mississippi died at Jackson, Miss., Monday, of pneumonia.

The knights Templar convocate at Louisville, Ky.

The Jack Frost ice house, situated on the west bank of the Mississippi river, a short distance north of the Quincy (Ill.) railroad bridge, was entirely destroyed by fire.

The prisoner assured Chairman Carter of the World's fair commission that he is greatly interested in the St. Louis project, and desires to aid in making it a success.

George Foster Peabody and W. J. Palmer have contributed \$100,000 for the relief of the families of the miners who were killed in the mine disaster at Schofield, Utah, last May.

The Mackays have filed the incorporation papers of a new cable company, and announce their intention of laying a cable from California to the Philippines.

THE REMAINS OF LINCOLN.

Soon to be Removed for the Twelfth and Last Time From the Resting Place.

Springfield, Ill., Sept. 25.—The remains of Abraham Lincoln will soon be put away for all time, never to be disturbed again, in accordance with the wish of his son, Robert T. Lincoln.

An excavation 10 feet deep is being made beneath the vault where they now rest and in this the casket will be placed. It will be surrounded by an iron cage which will be imbedded and made part of a solid concrete block eight-by-eight feet and 13 feet long. The transfer will be made after the return of Gov. Yates. This will make the twelfth removal of the body.

MRS. MCKINLEY'S CONDITION.

Dr. Rixey's Statement Furnishes Ground for Hope—Last at Little Belter.

Canton, O., Sept. 25.—Friends and relatives of Mrs. McKinley had a more sanguine outlook for their hopes yesterday afternoon than they had at any time since apprehension of a collapse under the burden of her deep sorrow aroused. Dr. Rixey last night added to his usual statement that she is holding her own and doing as well as could be expected under the circumstances.

"I might say," he added, "that she seems just a little better."

THE MARKETS.

New York, Sept. 25.

CATTLE—Native Steers... 4 40 to 5 00
CATTLE—Winters Wheat... 2 50 to 3 00
CORN—No. 2... 85 to 90
WHEAT—No. 2... 1 10 to 1 15
PORK—Mess New... 16 00 to 17 00

CHICAGO.

CATTLE—Native Steers... 4 25 to 5 00
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ST. LOUIS.

CATTLE—Native Steers... 4 25 to 5 00
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WHEAT—No. 2... 1 10 to 1 15
PORK—Mess New... 16 00 to 17 00

THE WAR IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Gen. Kitchener Reports Reverses and Victories for the Troops Under Him.

London, Sept. 23.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener, dated Pretoria, September 23:

"Kritzing, while endeavoring to force a passage of the Orange river near Herschel, on an old bridge Friday morning, rushed the camp of a party of Lovett's scouts. He failed to cross the river, but the scouts lost heavily. Lovett, Col. the Hon. Admiral Murray, and Col. Murray, his adjutant, were killed."

"Under the cover of darkness the Boers managed to enter a gun. The gun was recovered in a smart encounter, in which Kitchener lost two killed and 20 taken prisoners."

Lord Kitchener also reports that the British captured by the Boers in the ambush near Scheepers Nek, September 17, have been released, and that the British casualties in the recent Vlakfontein engagement, where the Boers captured a company of mounted infantry and two guns, were one officer and five men killed, 23 men wounded, and six officers and 109 men taken prisoners, since released."

He further reports the capture of two commandos—one consisting of 55 men, under Commandant Kochs, who were taken, together with their entire transport, west of Edenburg and the other, consisting of 14 men, including P. J. Botha, who were taken with 49 wagons and their belongings, 45 miles southeast of Carolina."

SHEP'S EVERY INCH A RACER.

But Columbia Must Do Her Best at Shamrock Will Carry Off the Cup.

New York, Sept. 23.—Saluted by scores of vessels as she was towed through the East river yesterday morning, the cup defender Columbia, flying the pennant of the New York Yacht club at her masthead, looked every inch the racing craft that she is.

The Columbia reached the Morse iron works, in Brooklyn, at noon, and at one o'clock she was floated into the sectional dock, astern of the steamer Old Dominion. In two hours the water was high and dry and blocked up in position for her last cleaning before the great international race.

Expert opinions were lacking from both those who had visited the defender and the challenger. Former Commodore John C. Trague, who has seen more races with his yacht in the old days than any other, said:

"I like the shape of the Shamrock, and if her sails are as good as the Columbia's she will win the cup. Her rigging is strong and her mast is in the right place. Another good feature is that her boom comes down close to the hull. She looks bigger all over than the Columbia, and I feel sure she is a fast boat."

A FRIGHTFUL HOLOCAUST.

Petroleum Train Wrecked, Creates a Veritable Sea of Flame—Thirty-Two Persons Perished.

Bucharest, Sept. 23.—The collision Saturday at Palota between the Vienna express and the petroleum train appears, in the light of the latest reports, to have been a most terrible affair. In a few seconds the whole area of the collision became a huge lake of burning petroleum. Trees and everything inflammable within an area of a quarter of a square mile were destroyed.

There were some ghastly scenes. A girl was burned to death in sight of her parents, who escaped. A Roumanian miner, not his foot jammed in the wreckage, and begged one of the train guards to let him get out with as he provided him a large reward if he would do so. Before the guard could help him he sank back into the flames and was burned to death.

Schwartz, the conductor, who was similarly jammed, could so desperately to the men who tried to extricate him that he would be rescued. He sustained flesh wounds in the neck and had to be dragged away just as Schwartz perished in the flames.

Most of the 32 who were killed were burned to death.

SCHLEY COURT OF INQUIRY.

The Part Played by the Battleship Texas—The "Loop" Made by the Brooklyn at Santiago.

Washington, Sept. 23.—The part played by the battleship Texas, in the naval battle off Santiago, July 3, 1898, when the Spanish fleet under Admiral Cervera was sunk, was the basis of the greater part of yesterday's proceedings in the Schley naval court of inquiry. Of the four witnesses examined during the day, the three officers on board the Texas during the battle, and two of them were new witnesses. These were Commanders George C. Heiner, who was navigator of the Texas, and Commander Alex. B. Bates, who was the chief engineer on that battleship.

One Million for Church Work.

Chicago, Sept. 24.—Geo. W. Bowman, a wealthy mine owner, has agreed to give to the People's Church of America, one million of the earnings of his mines. It is said that "other millionaires" will be forthcoming if needed.

This statement was made yesterday by Dr. Hiram W. Thomas, founder and head of the People's church. He said he was satisfied of the reliability of Mr. Bowman, and that a committee had reported that his mines contain sufficient wealth for Mr. Bowman to make his promise good.

NERVOUSNESS, An American Disease.

Dr. S. WEIR MITCHELL is authority for the statement that nervousness is the characteristic malady of the American nation, and statistics show that not less than one-fourth of all deaths recorded, the mortality being mainly among young people.

Johnston's Sarsaparilla

is the grand specific for this great American disease, because it goes straight to the source of the weakness, building up health and strength by supplying rich, abundant food and pure blood to the worn-out tissues, rousing the liver to activity and regulating all the organs of the body.

"The Standard Drug Co., Detroit, Mich. Livebloods the famous little liver pill, etc."

For sale by St. Bernard Drugstore, Earlinton, Ky.

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A Story of the Sycamore Powder Mills, BY "TIMMIE."

The slanting rays of the setting sun cast a red glare over the few rude huts around the Sycamore Powder Mills. The crimson and gold sassafras leaves were stirred lustily by the October breeze.

All nature seemed to be at rest. Far off down the valley was heard the drowsy tinkle of a cow bell. A woman stood in the doorway of one of the cabins, shading her eyes with her hand, peering down the pathway that lead to the spring.

"Pears like me, Lizzie is a long time to the spring, and night a comin' on, the cows to be milked, supper to get, and a thousand other things to do." Then turning to one of the boys about the house, she said "one of you go and see what is keeping of Lizzie."

Lizzie, or as she was familiarly called Lizz Dinsmore was the youngest of a family of five; her father had died in her infancy, leaving her mother a few acres of unproductive hilly land, on which her four elder brothers had managed to eke out a bare living by working at the Powder Mills in winter and tending the farm in summer.

Jack went slowly down the path to the spring and found Lizzie seated on the trunk of a fallen tree, talking to stranger. To say Jack was surprised would be feebly express it, as his sister was of such a shy retiring nature, she usually tried to avoid strangers, but this particular stranger had a peculiar charm for Lizzie. She had found him reading a book, and books were the chief delight of her otherwise barren life.

When she came to the spring rattling and banging her tin buckets against the sumach bushes and singing like a lark, she was at first startled on beholding the man, but he looked up with a smile and raising his hat, spoke to her in such a pleasant courteous manner, she forgot her shyness. He asked her who owned the little farm on the left, and on ascertaining it belonged to her mother, told her he was sent out by a Phosphate Company of Chicago to prospect and buy up phosphate lands. He noticed her glances at the book he was holding and asked her if she had read many books.

"Not very many" she said, "I am only fifteen years old and have had very few books to read. My school teacher lends me some of hers; I have read 'The Wide, Wide World,' 'St. Elmo,' 'Ivanhoe,' 'Scottish Chiefs' and the 'Hidden Hand.' All these books belong to her. I have 'Robinson Crusoe' and 'Aesop's Fables' of my own." He held the book he had out to her and asked her if she ever read it.

It was the "Choir Invisible," by James Lane Allen. She took it and most reverently looked at it and said, "No sir, I have never this book before."

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Chas. Replogle, of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble after using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. John X. Taylor.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

[All communications in regard to this department should be addressed to TIMMIE, Care of The Bee, Earlinton, Ky.]

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Which is the best time of the year to marry, spring or fall. CANELOPE.

Fall is the most appropriate time and October the ideal month for matrimony. There is an old saying among the Arabs that the October bride will always own and control her husband's heart and purse.

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Please tell me my some are so silly when they are in love? NUTMEG.

That depends on circumstances. The probability is the girls you have referred to have not had as much experience in love matters as you have and don't know how to act. Furthermore, some girls are naturally silly whether they are in love or not, and being in love is probably not the cause of this silliness.

Nebo, Ky., Sept. 24.—Will you kindly tell me the proper time for a man to leave after calling on his best girl at night? OLD TIMER.

There are so many different times when a man should leave it would be hard to fix any specific time. If the young lady's father objects to your visits and wears a No. 9 boot, the best time to leave in that case would be before he reaches you. But if the old folks don't object and the girl is willing, it would be a right to turn two chairs opposite each other, draw them very close together and stay until the old rooster crows for day.

Hanson, Ky., Sept. 23.—Please tell me the best remedy you know for curing a horse of heaves. FARMER.

Take two cans of concentrated lye, dissolve in a gallon of rain water, and drench the horse three times each day. The third day he will either be dead or well.

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 24.—Who do you think is the most popular young lady in Earlinton? GUNSWORN.

Can not answer questions of a personal nature. Try again.

Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. Jno. X. Taylor.

The French olive-growers have to reckon much more with the competition of the olive-growers of Tunis.

Offers the Following Attractions:

ANNUAL MEETING IMPERIAL COUNCIL OF THE MYSTIC SHRINE KANSAS CITY, MO.

June 11th and 12th, 1901

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP PLUS \$2.00.

EPWORTH LEAGUE MEETING, San Francisco, Cal., JULY 18 TO 21, 1901.

GREATLY REDUCED RATES

Special Excursions to COLORADO AND UTAH, JUNE, JULY, AUGUST AND SEPTEMBER. ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP (PLUS \$2.00).

For Further Information, call on or address

R. T. G. MATTHEWS, Traveling Passenger Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

H. C. TOWNSEND, General Passenger and Ticket Agent, ST. LOUIS.

MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

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Chas. Replogle, of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble after using Foley's Kidney Cure four days he was cured. John X. Taylor.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

[All communications in regard to this department should be addressed to TIMMIE, Care of The Bee, Earlinton, Ky.]

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Which is the best time of the year to marry, spring or fall. CANELOPE.

Fall is the most appropriate time and October the ideal month for matrimony. There is an old saying among the Arabs that the October bride will always own and control her husband's heart and purse.

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 23.—Please tell me my some are so silly when they are in love? NUTMEG.

That depends on circumstances. The probability is the girls you have referred to have not had as much experience in love matters as you have and don't know how to act. Furthermore, some girls are naturally silly whether they are in love or not, and being in love is probably not the cause of this silliness.

Nebo, Ky., Sept. 24.—Will you kindly tell me the proper time for a man to leave after calling on his best girl at night? OLD TIMER.

There are so many different times when a man should leave it would be hard to fix any specific time. If the young lady's father objects to your visits and wears a No. 9 boot, the best time to leave in that case would be before he reaches you. But if the old folks don't object and the girl is willing, it would be a right to turn two chairs opposite each other, draw them very close together and stay until the old rooster crows for day.

Hanson, Ky., Sept. 23.—Please tell me the best remedy you know for curing a horse of heaves. FARMER.

Take two cans of concentrated lye, dissolve in a gallon of rain water, and drench the horse three times each day. The third day he will either be dead or well.

Earlington, Ky., Sept. 24.—Who do you think is the most popular young lady in Earlinton? GUNSWORN.

Can not answer questions of a personal nature. Try again.

Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. Jno. X. Taylor.

The French olive-growers have to reckon much more with the competition of the olive-growers of Tunis.

A Lucky Find.

A wise purchase of drugs is a great deal more fortunate than the finding of a pocketbook. The luck of finding a pocketbook only occurs once:

The Wisdom of the Purchase

of first-class drugs is with you all the time. We would like you to remember always that ours is the place for getting first-class drugs always.

ST. BERNARD DRUG STORE.

BRYAN HOPPER, Manager.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL.

LESSON XIII, THIRD QUARTER, INTERNATIONAL SERIES, SEPT. 29.

Text of the Lesson, a Comprehensive Quarterly Review—Golden Text, Ps. ciii, 17—Commentary Prepared by the Rev. D. M. Starnes, D. D.

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LESSON I.—God, the Creator of all things (Gen. i, 1-3). Golden Text, Gen. i, 1, "In the beginning God created the heaven and the earth." To the mind of the greatest and most precious truths in the first two chapters in the Bible is that of God working unobduredly, God, the Creator of all things in heaven and on earth, to whom nothing is too wonderful (Gen. xxi, 17). When He who commanded the light to shine out of darkness shines in our hearts to give the light of the knowledge of the glory of God in the face of Jesus Christ (II Cor. iv, 6), we are from that time on earth and in partnership with Him that God in things may be glorified through Jesus Christ (I Pet. i, 12).

LESSON II.—Beginning of sin and redemption (Gen. iii, 1-5). Golden Text, Rom. v, 20, "Where sin abounded, grace did much more abound." Here is the entrance of the great enemy, the devil, the adversary of God and man, and the story as such all through the Bible story to Rev. x, where he goes to his own place forever. In verse 15 we have the story of a Deliverer who, though He shall suffer at the hands of the adversary, shall finally conquer him by the confusion of the word of redemption, and in verse 24 the glory of the redemption of man, and restored is taught by the cherubim.

LESSON III.—Noah saved in the ark (Gen. vii, 1-22). Golden Text, Gen. vii, 8, "Noah found grace in the eyes of the Lord." Chapter iv tells of the division among those who were created in the image of God and the one refusing God's way and the one accepting it. As years passed on the increase of the side of those against God till all flesh became corrupt and evil, and God saw that the world was full of violence, and He decided to destroy it with a deluge, sparing only Noah and his family, through whom to people the new world. The great prophet Isaiah said, "Am I in the ark, the true ark, Christ Jesus, in whom alone is redemption?"

LESSON IV.—God calls Abram (Gen. xii, 1-9). Golden Text, Gen. xii, 2, "I will bless thee and make thy name great, and thou shalt be called blessed." Abram is God's again specially manifest at the tower of Babel, where God stopped them in their rebellion by the confusion of tongues. Notwithstanding this, men fall away into idolatry, and from the mass of idolaters God calls Abram to be a man wholly for Himself and the father of a people whom He can separate from all other people and bless them. He can do it, for He may bless others (Ex. xix, 5, 6; xxiii, 10).

LESSON V.—Abram and Lot (Gen. xiii, 1-18). Golden Text, Math. vi, 12, "Whatever ye would that men should do to you, ye even so to them." It became necessary because of the wealth of these two men in flocks and herds that they should separate. Their men who kept the flocks were striving among themselves in the presence of the host, and this was a dishonor to God; so Abram, to whom God had given all the land, magnanimously gives Lot his choice.

LESSON VI.—God's promise to Abram (Gen. xv, 1-18). Golden Text, Gen. xv, 1, "I am thy shield and thy exceeding great reward." This is the chapter in which so many words are used for the first time, such as "fear not," "believe," "righteousness," etc., and here is the first promise of the seed as the stars of heaven. Abram is becoming increasingly separated into God, and God is becoming increasingly real to him. The adversary is ever suggesting doubts and fears and seeking to turn his eyes to the circumstances, but "I am thy shield" should dispel all fear.

LESSON VII.—Abram's intercession (Gen. xviii, 10-33). Golden Text, Jas. v, 16, "The effectual, fervent prayer of a righteous man avails much." He who had dined with Abraham and now talked with him was none other than He whom we know as our great High Priest who ever liveth to make intercession for us, and the ministry of intercession, as set forth in Rev. Andrew Murray's book with that title, is one of our greatest privileges.

LESSON VIII.—Abraham and Isaac (Gen. xxi, 1-14). Golden Text, Heb. xi, 17, "By faith Abraham, when he was tried, offered up Isaac." This is the most remarkable type of the sacrifice of Christ in the Scriptures. Abraham and his only son are so suggestive of God and His only begotten Son, Isaac submissively hearing the word on which he was to be offered, and the father, with the knife and the knife, make the picture complete in every detail. The man suffering in Isaac's stead, taking his place on the altar, reminds us of Christ as our substitute, dying in our place.

LESSON IX.—Isaac the peacemaker (Gen. xxi, 12-25). Golden Text, Math. v, 9, "Blessed are the peacemakers, for they shall be called the children of God." Abraham would not strive for that which was rightfully his, but rather yielded to Lot that God might be glorified. Isaac is like manner yielded to the Philistines property that was rightfully his, and God was glorified in him, and the Philistines said, "We saw certainly that the Lord was with thee" (Gen. xxi, 28). By meekness and submission and yieldfulness God is glorified; not by asserting ourselves and our rights.

LESSON X.—Jacob at Bethel (Gen. xxviii, 10-22). Golden Text, Gen. xxviii, 10, "Surely the Lord is in this place." Great was the grace of God to this penitent but unworthy man, opening heaven to him and giving him the most precious assurances of forgiveness and constant care and future blessing. All the promises and purposes of God shall surely be kept and performed (II Cor. i, 20; Jer. xli, 20), for He is faithful. He cannot deny Himself.

LESSON XI.—Jacob a prince with God (Gen. xxxii, 1-32). Golden Text, Gen. xxxii, 1, "Men ought always to pray and not to faint." Our heavenly Father is ever longing to do great things for His people that His power may be seen, that He may be glorified, but we are not to be so full of ourselves as we hinder Him by our planning and striving and doing.

LESSON XII.—Perseverance lesson (Prov. xxiii, 28-30). Golden Text, Prov. xxi, 1, "Wine is a mocker, strong drink is raging, and whosoever is deceived thereby is not wise." There is no salvation from the sin of strong drink or any other sin except in Him who was made sin for us, who bore our sorrows and carried our griefs, who for us was a man of sorrows and acquainted with grief.

WIT AND HUMOR.

Spriggs—Why does old Mrs. Gadsby refer to Rev. Curjup as a hypnotist?

Snags—Because he puts his audience to sleep I suppose.

At fate's decree I cannot smile, But count it grievous wrong That girls are woe so short a time And wedded for so long.

Whenever you see a front gate that swags to the bottom and is hard to fasten you may know there is a good looking young lady in the house and she has a sweetheart.

Fortune is said to knock at every man's door once in a lifetime. If such is the case a great many of us were away from home at the time.

Some people put away their religion when they put away their Sunday clothes.

Smith—Hello, Cohen, what's the matter? You look sad this morning.

Cohen—Oh, Mr. Smith, my little boy Shavey went to the synagogue yesterday. There was a big crowd there and some bad boys stuck their heads in the door and said "job lots," and little Shavey was killed in the rush.

Greely—Do you believe Lieut. Peary will ever succeed in finding the north pole?

Prentice—No in the body.

Annie—The Rev. Cumso's sermon this morning reminds me of a meat ax.

Alice—Why so?

Annie—It was so dull and flat.

Some people use so much of their time attending to their neighbor's business they don't have time to attend to their own.

There are a few people in Earlington who are like unsound apples. The outside looks all right but they are faulty at heart.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. J. S. Forest of Chilpeewa Falls, Wis., "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Banner Salve entirely cured it." Beware of substitutes.

Jno. X. Taylor.

OUR COLORED CITIZENS.

The memorial service of President McKinley, which was observed at the Baptist Church Thursday night Sept. 19th, was very interesting. Signs of sorrow of the unwelcome misfortune that had befallen the president, was seen to trace the furrows of each face as the program was being rendered, which was as follows:

1000 Psalm read by Rev. Gordon, pastor.

Song, "My Country 'Tis of Thee," by congregation.

Prayer was offered in behalf of the family and home associates.

Song, "Nearer My God to Thee," by congregation.

"Christian Life the Shining Life in Official Circles," by Prof. J. E. Todd.

"A Manly Man an example of True American Life" by William Killbrew.

"Our Nation True and Tried, Its Place in the World," by I. H. Edmonson.

"True Heroism, What it is Worth in Our Country," by Ike Edmonson.

"The Obedient Boy" by Miss L. Gatewood.

Remarks of interest, by Rev. Gordon.

Benediction.

Mr. S. Morris visited school Monday. Call again.

Mr. J. Haddox went to Henderson Friday, made a short stay and met many of his old railroad friends. He reports a pleasant time.

Mrs. Queen Shelton's home has lately been improved and given a neat appearance and they will add more improvements.

Miss Johnnie Wilson is quite sick from fever and chills.

A FEW THATS. Seventy-five per cent of the wealth of Hopkins county accrues from her mines. That's true.

If the mine operators were to withdraw their finance and close down the work property would have no value, the farmer's produce would have no outlet, the merchants trade would cease and the county would be a pauper county. That's so plain a wayfaring man or woman, though a fool need not err.

Mr. Ed Holland is a candidate for school trustee of Earlington District E.

Mr. McGary's house is nearing completion and then a certain old maid will have a neighbor.

Mr. Young is very sick from fever. Rev. Smith of Louisiana is conducting a series of meetings at A. M. E. Z. church.

That the persons who receive pay from the county fund and who are siding with those who are enemies to the mine operators are wheat and swords for their own souls.

There would be but little county fund for either if it were not for the handsome revenue paid by the mine operators. That's common sense.

If county officials in a certain county were to spend as much energy in remedying the evils under their nose—saloons for example—as they are in aiding free booters to run other people's business, they would be considered more honorable in the light of right. That would be patriotism.

Church Directory.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH.—Sunday-school at 9:30. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evenings at 7:30. Regular services second and fourth Sunday morning and evening. Elder J. W. Mitchell, pastor.

M. E. CHURCH.—C. S. J. Junip, pastor. Services first Sundays at 11 a. m. and at 7:30 p. m., and second Sunday evening at 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening, Sunday-school at 2:00 p. m.

M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH.—B. M. Currie, pastor. Services first and third Sundays at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday-school at 2:30. Prayer meeting, Tuesday evenings at 7:30 o'clock. Epworth League, every

HUGHES' CHILL TONIC

(PALATABLE)

Better than Calomel or Quinine. (Contains no Arsenic). The Old Reliable.

EXCELLENT GENERAL TONIC as well as

A Sure cure for CHILLS and FEVERS, MALARIAL FEVERS, SWAMP FEVERS, AND BILIOUS FEVERS.

IT NEVER FAILS. Just what you need at this season.

MILD LAXATIVE, NERVOUS SEDATIVE, SPLENDID TONIC.

Guaranteed by your Druggists. Don't take any substitute—Try it.

50c and \$1.00 BOTTLES. Prepared by ROBINSON PETTET & CO. (INCORPORATED).

LOUISVILLE, - - KY.

Monday night. One meeting each week will be the Literary meeting.

MISSIONARY BAPTIST CHURCH.—Alex McChord, Pastor. Services third Saturday night, Sunday and Sunday night, Sunday-school at 9:30. Prayer meeting, Monday evenings at 7:30 o'clock.

Y. P. S. C. E.—Prayer meeting every Sunday evening at 6:30.

CATHOLIC CHURCH.—Rev. A. M. Coenen, pastor. First Mass, Sunday morning at 7 o'clock; Second Mass, 9:30 o'clock. Afternoon service at 3 o'clock every Sunday.

GENERAL BAPTIST CHURCH.—Rev. Jno. M. Burdette, Pastor. Services, third Saturday night, Sunday and Sunday night in each month. 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